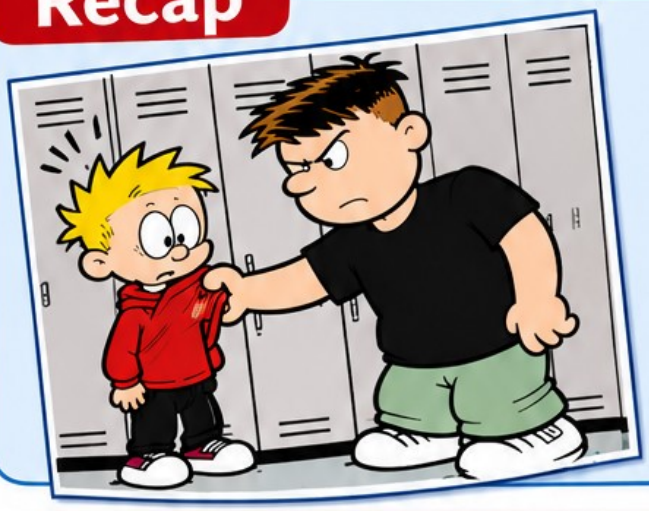
Bullying

Year 9 – English

Recap



The cartoon shows two boys in a school corridor, near some lockers. They are probably teenagers. The smaller boy is wearing a red jumper and dark trousers. The bigger boy is wearing a black T-shirt and green shorts. He is grabbing the smaller boy by his jumper and threatening him. The smaller boy looks frightened. The bigger boy is taller and stronger than the other boy. This scene illustrates **bullying**.

Je retiens : les comparatifs

We use comparatives to compare two people or things.

Type	Structure	Example
Superiority (+) short adjective	adjective + **-ER THAN**	He is **taller than** the other boy. *Il est plus grand que l'autre garçon.*
Superiority (+) long adjective	**MORE** + adjective + **THAN**	He is **more aggressive** than him. *Il est plus agressif que lui.*
Inferiority (–)	**LESS** + adjective + **THAN**	He is **less confident** than the bully. *Il est moins sûr de lui que le harceleur.*

Spelling rules:

- Generally, add **-ER**: tall → **taller**.
- Double the final consonant: **big** → **bigger**.
- Change **-Y** into **-IER**: funny → **funnier**.

Irregular comparatives:

Adjective	Comparative	Français
Good	**Better** than	Meilleur que
Bad	**Worse** than	Pire que
Far	**Farther / Further** than	Plus éloigné que

Je retiens : vocabulaire

English	Français
A bully	Un harceleur
A victim	Une victime
To threaten	Menacer
To tease	Se moquer de
To hurt	Blesser
To intimidate	Intimider

English	Français
To make fun of	Se moquer de
To frighten	Effrayer
Aggressive	Agressif
Frightened / scared	Effrayé / apeuré
To feel lonely	Se sentir seul
To stand up for someone	Défendre quelqu'un