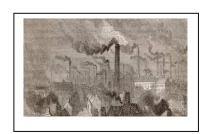
№ Go to the **Industrial Revolution**.



17. During the 1800s the Industrial Revolution spread throughout Britain. ☐ True ☐ False	
18. In 1837, Britain was still a rural nation with \Box 60 % \Box 70% \Box 80% of the population living in the countryside.)
19. By the middle of the nineteenth century over \Box 40% \Box 50% \Box 60% o the population lived in towns and cities.	f
20. The Industrial Revolution gained pace because of the power o	f
21. This led to a massive increase in the number of	
22. Many of the people lived in \square good \square poor conditions.	13.
23. There was a of houses.	
24. A worker could have his own room. □ True □ False	
25. Many factory owners built houses for their workers but they were build	t
26. The houses were □ too small □ big enough for large Victoriar families.	1
27. The houses did not have running and	t
28. Up to □ 10 □ 100 houses had to share an outdoor pump and ar outside toilet.	1
29. The water from the pump was \square clean. \square polluted.	
30. Many factory owners were more interested in profit than in the health and safety of their workers. □ True □ False	1

Click on Workhouses.



- 31. Read the information on workhouses and make sentences.
- Workhouses were where
- Also in the workhouses were orphaned
- Men, women and children had different
- They could be punished if

- working and living areas so families were split up.
- people who had no job of home lived.
- and abandoned children, the physically and mentally sick, the disabled, the elderly and unmarried mothers.
- they tried to speak to one another.

Go to Inventions.

- 32. What means of transport allowed people to travel cheaply and rapidly?
- 33. When did the first postage stamps come into use?
- 34. What opened in London in 1852?
- 35. What happened in 1863 in London?



Click on Famous Victorians.

- 36. Who wrote Alice in Wonderland?
- 37. What did Alexander Graham Bell invent in 1876?
- 38. Who created the modern police force?

