## **READ THE TEXT AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS**

## Ecolourism

Tourism will always have an impact on the places visited. Sometimes the impact is good, but often it's negative. For example, if lots of people visit one place, then this can damage the environment. The question is – how can we minimize the problems without preventing people from travelling and visiting places?

The main aim of ecotourism
is to reduce the negative impact that tourism has on the environment and local people. The idea is to encourage tourists to think about what they do when they visit a place.

the environment.

beauty doesn't mean that you shouldn't benefit from things like better roads. As long as the improvements

benefit the local people and not just the tourists, and the local communities are consulted on plans and changes, then is there really

60 a problem?

In 2002 the United
Nations celebrated the
'International Year of

Ecotourism'. Over the past twenty years, more and more people have started taking eco-holidays. In countries such as Ecuador,

Nepal, Costa Rica and Kenya, ecotourism represents a significant proportion of the tourist industry.

	C	Imprenension			
	Put	t the headings a–f in the correct place	1–6 ir	the text.	
	а	Is more infrastructure always bad?			
	b	What is ecotourism?			
	C	Is tourism always good?  How popular is ecotourism?  What exactly does ecotourism mean?			
	d				
	e				
	f	Is ecotourism really possible?			
	Read the sentences and write T (True) or F (False).				
	1	The writer thinks that tourism should to	e stop	ed.	
	2	Tourists should think about their behaviour.  It doesn't matter where people walk.			
	3				
	4				
	5				
6 It's good when local people are asked for their opinions.				eir opinions.	
	7	Ecotourism is becoming less popular.			
	8				
	١/-	andrulam.			
		ocabulary			
		d these words in the text and choose		1. D. M. H.	
	1	impact (I. 3)  a to have an effect or influence	5	reduce (l. 15)  a to do something again	
		b to make something less good		b to make something smaller	
	2	damage (l. 7)	6	interfere (I. 30)	
		a to improve		a to handle or change something although you have no right to do this	
		<b>b</b> to have a negative effect		b to worry about something	
	3	minimize (l. 10)  a to ignore something bad	7	a two ideas that can't both be true	
		to ignore something bad     to make as small as possible		b something that helps people	
	4	prevent (l. 11)	8	benefit (l. 52)	
		a to stop		a be paid for	
		<b>b</b> to exist at a particular time		b have the advantage	
		t'aidant du texte, complète le paragraphe)	es ph	rases pour donner du sens (les numéros renvoient à	
	1.	The impact of	n the	is sometimes negative because they can	
		it.			
	2.	With ecotourism, tourists are encou	raged	towhen	
		theya place.			
	3.	Touristsfeed the wild animals.			
		Theyrespect local traditions.			
	4.	Eco tourism is not always positive becausestill			
		need to be built.			
	5.	But if the better roads and infrastruc	ture b	penefit the, then it's a good	
		thing.			
	6.	Since 2002 ,andand		people have started taking eco-holidays.	